

# ARTICLES, TO BE ENQUIRED OF VVITHIN THE Dioces of London,

Visitation of the Right Reverend

Father in GOD, GEORGE Mountain

Lord Bishop of London:

In the yeare of our Lord God 1621.

In the nineteenth yeare of the Reigne of our most Gracious Soueraigne Lord I AMES, by the Grace of God King of Great Britaine, France and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, &c.

Printed by GEORGE ELD. 1621.

# The Oath to be ministred to the Churchwardens and Sworne-men.

Ou shall sweare that you and cuery of you shall diligently enquire of the Articles given you in charge; and without any affection, favour, hatred, hope of reward and gaine, or seare of displeasure, or malice of any person, you shall present all and every such person and persons that now is, or of late was within your parish, as hath committed any incest, adultery, fornication, or symony, and any misdemeanour or dissurbances committed or made in any Church or Chappell, in time of common prayer, Preaching, or divine Service there yied, to the disturbance thereof: and also that have committed or done any other offence, fault, or default, presentable in the Exclesiastical

committed or done any other offence, fault, or default, presentable in the Exclesiasticall Court, according to the Articles now deliuered to you. Wherein you shall deale verightly and according to truth, neyther of malice presenting any contrary to truth, nor of corrupt affection sparing to present any, and so conceale the truth: having in this action God before your eyes, with an earnest zeale to maintaine the truth, and suppresse vice. So help you God, and the Contents of this Booke.

# The charge of the Churchwardens and Swornemen fet downe for the better performance of their duties, and discharge of their Oaths.

Hey are not to bring in any Bils vnto the Archdeacons Courts vpon the Articles to bee enquired of in their Visitation, by reason of my Lords Visitation, but onely now to make their presentments vpon these Articles. They are therefore charged, that after their Oath taken, and their returns home, they doe require their Minister to reade ouer both the booke of Canons or Constitutions set forth by his Ma-

iestic, in the Conuocation holden in the yeare of our Lord God 1604, and also these Articles vnto them, and to consider of every particular Article, and of the offences by them to be presented, as also of such persons in their parish as shall be noted to offend in the same: and so the Churchwardens and Sidemen assembling themselves together within some convenient time, are to make their Bill answering every Article by it selfe, before the time hereaster appointed them, which Bill shall be signed with the hands of all the Churchwardens and Sidemen, with conference had with their Minister vpon the said Bill of presentment, who according to the 26. Canon, is to see that the said Churchwardens doe their duties in presenting, vpon the penalty in the 26. Canon prescribed. These Bils for their better ease, and saving of travell and charges, shall bee brought by one of the Churchwardens vpon the

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# लक्षा स्ट्राह्म स्ट्राहम स्ट्राह्म स्ट्राह्म स्ट्राहम स्ट्रा

Articles to be enquired of within the Dioces of London, in the Visitation to be holden in the years of our Lord 1621.

Concerning the Clergie.



Nprimis, Whether doth your Binicer befoze oz after his Sormons ble to pray for the Kings Paielly, King I ames, the neble Prince Charles, Frederick the Prince Cleator Palatine, and the Lacy Elizabeth his Wife, and all their royall Progeny, gining buto the King such stile and title of supreme Governour in all causes, and over all persons, as well Ecclesially call as Temporall, as by Law are due buto him?

And alfo for all Arc biffops, Biffops, and other Ecclefialicall perfors?

Mhether is the prescript forme of Dinine Service vsed by your Pinister vpon Sundayes. Poly-bayes, and other dayes appointed by the Boke of Common prayer? And whether doth your Pinister duely observe all the Owers, kites, and Ceremonies prescribed in the said Boke of Common prayer, as well in reading publike prayers and the Letany, as also in administring the Sacraments in such maner and some as by the law now established is intoposed?

3 Wihether doth your Pinister administer the holy Communion so often, and at such times, as that every Parissioner may receive the

fame at leaft theice in eucry peare, whereof once at Caffer?

day that he administreth it to others, knowing at the same, and administreth it to others, knowing at the same, and administreth it to none but such as doe knowle at the receiving thereof, and ble the words of the institution according to the Boke at every time that the Bread or Wine is received, in such manner and forme as by Law is appointed, and causeth sufficient warning thereof to be given before?

5 Whether doth your Pinister ble the administration of the Lozds Supper, Baptisme, Instruction of Children, Solemnization of Patrimony. Alistation of the sicke, Buriall of the dead, the Commination, and Churching of Women, under such words, rites and ceremonies as are let forth a prescribed by the said Boke of Common prayer and no other?

3 6 Whether

who were not by publike presentment, or other open scandall, infamous, and beteded of some notorious crime by common same, or behement suf-

pition knowne in the Parith ?

7 Whether bath your Pinister received people of other Parishes to his Church to the Communion and divine service? And whether his Parishioners have gone to other Churches and places to heare Service, or receive the Sacrament? If yea, then you shall present every offender berein.

8 Whether hath your Pinister, Churchwardens and Sidemen, presented but my Lord Bishop or his Chancelor within forty daies after Easter, the names of all the Parishioners, as well men as women, which being about sixthere yeares of agreeceived not the Communion. at, or about Easter before, according to the 112. Canon? If not, you shall present whether that presentment should have been brought in by your selves, or your predecess, and specific the names of every one that

9 Whether both your Pinister vie to signe the Children with the signe of the cross by the childrens foreheads with his singer when they are vaptized, according to the boke of Common prayer? And whether he half veferred or wilfully resuled to vaptize any Infant in his Parish being in danger, having been duly informed of the weakenes thereof? And

whether the Chilo bath oped by his default without Baptisme?

thould have made fuch prefentment for Cafter laft paft ?

10 Whether is your Pinister continually resident with you byon his Benefice, or for how long time bath he beine absent? And where is he resident so, the most part, and what other Benefice bath he?

11 Whether doth your Pinister, being a Pzeacher, pzeach blually in his owne Cure with you once every Sunday, 02 how hath he beine neglis

gent in that behalfe?

12. Whether is your Pinister appeacher allowed? If yea, then by whom e if no, whether both his procure Sermons to be preached among you once in every month at the least, by such as are lawfully licenced, or

both contribute towards a licenced Peacher?

ooth he supply his absence by a Curate that is sufficiently licenced to preach in that cure whereon he himselfe is not resident? or otherwise in case he both not since a preaching Pinister there, by reason of the smalnes thereof, whether both he preach at both his benefices blually himselfe?

14. Anhether is your Curate licenced to ferue by the Bishop of this Dioces, 03 his Chancelo3: and whether doth your Pinister 03 Curate

serue

# Concerning the Clergie.

ferue any more Cures then one : Af yea, then what other Cure both he also serue :

15 If your Pinister be not licenced to preach, as aforesaid, whether doth he read Pomilies, or rather take boon him to expound the Scriptures, either in his own Cure or else, where, contrary to the 49. Canone

Thurch or Chappell but such as you have well knowne to be licenced? whom have you so admitted? you thall present their names, and how often have any such beine admitted to preach, and by whose procurement?

17 Whether have you caused every strange Preacher licenced or not licenced, to subscribe his name, according to the 50. and 52. Canons : And

if be were licenced, then by whom was he licenced ?

18 Whether doth your Lecturer and Preacher reade dinine Service and minister the Sacraments in his owne person twice every piere, observing all the Ceremonies in the Boks of Common prayer established.

19 Wihether both your Minister weare the Surples whilst be is lay-

ing the publike prayers and administring the Sacraments?

20 Whether doth your Pinister every Sunday and Holy day before Evening prayer for halfe an hower or more, cramine and instruct the youth and ignorant persons of your parish, in the ten Commandements,

the Articles of Belafe, and in the Lords Paper:

- the Dioces, or his Chancelor, solemnized Parriage betwirt any parties, the Banes not being three scuerall Sundayes of Polydayes first published in time of divine Service, in the severall Churches or Chappels of their severall aboades, according to the boke of Common prayer: or without licence, in time prohibited, albeit the Banes were so published: Drat any time except betwirt the houres of eight and twelve in the sozemone? And if any have been otherwise married, or licenced to be married by any authority other then aforesaid, especially by any of our Commissaries, Archdeacons, or their Officials, you shall present the Pinister so marrying, the parties so married, and the Authority whereby this was done.
- 22 Whether doth your Pinister byon Sundayes at Poining prayer declare but the Parishioners what Holy dayes and falling dayes are appointed to be kept the weke following:

23 Withether doth your Minister in the Rogation dayes, ble the perambulation of the circuite of the Parish appointed by law. And in the

fame

same perambulation moue the people to give thankes to God so; his benefits, bling such Psalmes, Preyers and Homilies as are to that end set south?

24 Whether doth any man (being neither Pinister no: Deacon) read Common prayer openlie in your Church or Chappell, or ble any other Pinisteriall duty in the Church that belongeth to a Pinister or

Deacon, and what is his name that fo both og hath fo done ?

parish all such of his parish as doe perseuere in the sentence of Ercommunication? And whether hath he admitted any person Excommunicate into the Church without a Certificate of his absolution from the Dedinary?

labour viligently with milonesse and temperance to conferre with, and thereby to reclaime the Popish Reculants in his Parish from their errors? And whether they or any of them doe refuse such conference with

pour Minider ?

27 Whether is your Parlon, Micar, Lecturer, or Curate, to much frequent, or overmuch conversant with, er a favourer of Acculants.

whereby he may be suspected not to be fincere in his Keligion ?

28 Whether hath your Pinister, or any other taking byon him the place of a Pinister, Preached, Baptized children (volesse in case of necessity) solemnized Parriage, Churched any women, or ministed the holy. Communion in any house or houses: If yea, then where when sand

bow often bath he fo offended in any of the premiles ?

Parish, your Pinister (having knowledge thereof) hath not resorted to every of them, to instruct and comfort them in their districte, according to the manner and some appointed in the Boke of Common prayer? And whether when any Parishioner hath beine passing out of this life, your Pinister hath stacked to doe his last buty in that behalfe?

bury any corps that hath beine brought to the Church or Church pard, convenient warning having beine gluen to him thereof before, in such manner and forme as is prescribed in the boke of Common praper?

31 Whether hath your Pinister taken byon him to appoint any publique as private Falis, Preaching or Lecturing not approved and established by law or publike authority? Dr hath he attempted byon any pretence, either of possession or obsession, by fasting and prager to cast out Divels?

32 WHether

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32 Withether your Pinister vseth buying and selling, 02 trading, 02 to hedge, ditch, 03 goe to plough, 03 bath solicited other mens suites soz gaine, 03 imployed himselfs about other such businesse not beseining 03 fitting his calling?

33 Whether ose you know in your Parith any that having heretoe fore taken upon him or them the order of Priesthme, or of a Descon, hath since relinquished the same, and betaken himselfe in the course of his life as a Layman, or neglecting his vocation live th torly, and serveth no Eure, nor preached as a Lecturer authorized in any one certaine place? If yea, then you wall present his name and the place of his above.

34 Whether is your Pinister reputed to be an incontinent person, or to kiepe in his house, or frequent the company of any man or woman, that are suspected either to be of early religion or bad like? Dr whether he is a common haunter of Tauerns, Alehouses, or any suspected place? Dr whether doth he board or lodge in any of them? Dr is a common Bamster, or player at Dice, Tards, Tables, or other bulawfull Games? A common swearer, a drunkard, or one that applyeth not himselfe in his Studie, or faulty in any other crime punitable by Ceclesiasticall censures, whereby he is offensive and scandalous to his Function or Ppinistery?

35 Wihether doth your Pinister ble the forme of thankelgining to

women after their Chile, birth ?

36 Whether doth your Pinister Baptize any Children in any Bason or other bestell then in the ordinary Font, being placed in the

Church, or doth put any Bason into it?

37 Whether your Pinister or any other that hath taken holy Drivers now licenced or suspended, or other person or persons, either of the Pinistery or Laity, within or nare your Parish, of your knowledge or as you have heard, hath beine at, or vie to meete in any Barnes, Fields, Woods, private house or houses, and held private conventicles

of metings, either in your Parish, of in any other Parish ?

38 whether at any such meeting doe they or any of them preach, conferre, or agree voor any private orders for Divine Service, Prayers, Preaching, or expounding the Scriptures, or vie any other Prayers, Preaching, or forme of Divine Service, other then such as is in the Boke of Common Prayer and by the Lawes established appointed, or be drawers or persuaders of others to any such Schismatical conventicles: Is pear you shall present them all, and every one of them, specifying their names, surnames, and quality or addition and places of abode?

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39 Item, you hall carefully and hedfully obserue and inquire, who ther your Pinisters in their Germans preached by them in your publique Churches and congregations, doe raise and deliver out of the textes chosen by them, such pertinent notes as tend to teach obedience, and to edifie the buderstanding of their auditorie, in matters of faith and religion, without intermeding with any State matters, not fit to be handled in the Pulpit, but to be discussed by the wiscome of his Paiessie, and his Counsellors of State. And if you sinde any faultie herein, you shall present him.

Concerning the Church.

W Hether you have in your severall Churches and Chappels the Boke of Constitutions of Canons Ecclesiasticall?

2 Whether is there in your Chursh or Chappell one parchment register Boke, provided for Christnings, Pariages, and Burials? And whether is the same duely and exactly kept, according to the Constitutions in that behalfe provided? And is the Pothers christen name therein registred as well as the Fathers, and a transcript thereof brought in yearly within one month after the 25. day of Parch into the Lord Bishops principall Registry? And whether doth your Pinister by on sucry Sunday reade the names of all such as have beine Parried, Christened, or buried the weke before?

3 Tabether have you provided the Boke of Common Prayer lately commaunded by his Paiecies authority onely to be bled, and the boke of Pomilies, and two service Bokes, and a large Bible of the last edition:

4 Whether have you in your Thurch or Chappell a Font of Stone set by in the ancient bluall place, a convenient and decent Communion. Table standing by a frame with a Carpet of Silke, or some other decent stuffe, and a faire Linnen Cloth to lay thereon at the Communion time. And whether is the same then placed in such convenient sort within the Chancell or Church, as that the Pinister may be best heard in his Prayer and Administration, and that the greater number may Communicate?

our Church or Chappell where the people may best lie and reade them, and other sentences of holy Scripture written byon the walls likewise for the same purpose?

6 Whether have you a convenient seate for your Pinister to reade Service in, together with a comely Pulpit set by in a convenient place, with a decent Cloth or Custion for the same, a comely large Surplesse, a

faire .

faire Communion Cup of Silver, and a cover agreable for the same, with all other things and ornaments necessary for the celebration of divine Service and the administration of the Sacraments, and a strong Thest for the almes of the pope, with three locks and keyes, whereof the Minister to kepe one key, and another Chest for the keping of the ornaments of the Church and Register Boke:

of, and your Parsonage of Micarage house, and all other houses theres belonging, in god reparations, and decently and comely kept, as within as without, and the Seates well maintained, as in the Canons is appointed. If not, then through whose default, and what defects are e

8 Whether your Church yard be well and sufficiently repaired, fenteed, and maintained with walls, rayles, or pales, and by whom? And if part be to be maintained by any perticular persons, then you shall present how much, and what part enery such person hath, or is to maintaine and repaire?

Therefore any person both increached byon the ground of the Church yard? If any both, then you shall present him, and specific what quantity of ground he both so increached, and how the old and former fences stod, and how they now stand and are senced, and with what matter or stuffe.

terrier of all the gleabes, lands, medowes, gardens, ozchards, houses, stocks, implements, tenements, and pozitions of tithes, lying within oz without your Parish, which belongs to your Parsonage, oz Aicarage? If there be any, whether it is well kept and preserved for the good of the succeeding Incumbents, and in what perticular place is it kept? And whether a true coppy thereof under the hands of the Pinisters and whether a true coppy thereof under the hands of the Pinisters and Thurch, wardens bath beine transmitted into the Lord Bishops principall Registry and when e if you have none, you shall make one, and bring it in with your presentment, subscribed as a force.

## Concerning Ecclesiastical Officers.

Whether doe you know, or have heard of any payment, composition or agreement, to or with any Commissarie, Archdeacon, or his Officiall, or their Registers or other inferior Officers Ecclesiasticall, within this Dioces for suppressing or conceasing of any presentment, excommunication, or other Ecclesiastical censure, of, or against Recuesants, or any other offenders, or for not certifying of Reculants to the Broinary,

# Concerning Ecclefiafticall Officers.

Dedinary, or for not ferning of Processe without a summe of money, or other confideration, received or promised to any of them in that respect,

and by whom?

2 Whether the Archdeacon, Commissary, Officiall, or any other burg Ecclesiastical incidiation within this Dioces, their Registers or Atuaries, Apparators, or Summoners, have at any time winked at, clustered any adulteries, fornications, incests, or other faults or effences presented unto them, to passe and remains unpunished and uncorrected, for money, rewards, bribes, pleasure, friendship, or any other partiall respect?

Mhether doe the Commissaries, Archdeacons, or any their Deficials, heare any matters of Office or correction, privatly in their Chambers without the presence of the sworne Register, or his Deputy, or hath discharged any mans penance for money, without the consent of the Lord Bishop, according to the Constitutions, or doe send any writing under their owne hands to your Church, without the Registers, presence at the boing of it, either sor Parriage of any couples, or for en-

bing or ordering of any matter or penance :

4 Whether hath any Commissary, Archdeacon, Officiall, or any other exercising Ecclesialitall Jurisdiction within this Dioces, or any Register, Apparator, or Pinister belonging to the same Ecclesiasticall. Courts, exacted extraordinary or greaters is than heretosore of late hath beine accustomed? And whether is there a Table of the rates of all sees set up in their severall Courts and Offices? Dr whether they or any of them have any way abused themselves in their Offices, constrary to the Law and Canons in that case provided?

ooth commute or change any penance or corporall punishment for any money, and what money such Commissary, Archdeacon, or Officiall hathrectived, and of whom i when, and what the offence was, for which any such summe of money was received or appointed to be paid, and set downe the particulars of the premisses, and what Court any of them have kept since the 20. day of July last past, byon what daies, and in what Church and place?

6 What number of Apparators hath every severall Judge Cecles staticall: and wherein, and in what manner is the Countrey overs burdened and grieved by the sayd Apparators? And whether doth any of the said Apparators cause any parties to appeare in the said Courts, without first a presentment or citation obtained from the Judge of the

Court ?

# Concerning Schoolemasters.

Vish, openly, oz pzinately in any Poble oz Gentlemans house, oz in any other place, be of god and sincere Religion, life and conversation, and be diligent in teaching and bzinging by of youth: and whether they have bane examined, allowed and licenced soz Scholemasters, by the Lozd Bishop of London, oz his Chanceloz? And how many severall Scholemasters have you, and what be their names?

2 Whether your Scholemaster or Scholemasters doe themselves receive the hely Communion as often as they ought to doe? and wher ther doe all their Schollers, which be of age sufficient, and of capacitie by instruction to receive the Lords Supper, come to the Communion either in your Church, or where their Parents dwell, once every yere, and

be diligent to beare common praper?

multer, one teach their Schollers the Catechisme authorised by publique authority, at the least once enery wake, and doe instruct and eramine them in the same, or doe teach any other Catechisme: and what Catechisme is it that they doe so teach?

4 Whether your Schwlemaster or Schwlemasters, or any of them be knowne or suspected to reade unto their Schollers privately any unlawfull Bokes: or privately to instruct them in their young yeares, either in Popery, Supersition, or disobedience, or contempt of his Paiesty,

and his lawes Occletialicall, by publique authority allowed ?

5 Whether your Schwiemaster or Schwiemasters, or any of them but pretence of Catechizing their Schollers, which is a most godly order carefully by them to be observed, doe kiepe Lectures, readings or expositions of Divinity in their houses, having repairs but o them of people, not being of their owner family and houshould?

6 What Reculant Papills are there in your Parity, and whether doe any of them, or any other kiepe any Scholemaster in their house which commeth not to Church to heare Divine Service and receive the Com-

munion, what is his name, and how long hath he taught?

Marith, doe teach his or their Schollers any other Grammer then that which is commonly called the Kings Grammer, set forth by the Authoritie of King Henry the eight, teaching the prescript forms thereofe

8 Whether are your Scholemasters negligent in instructing their Schollers in the Catechisme and grounds of Keligion, and in bringing them to the Church to heare divine Service and Sermons:

# Concerning Parishioners, and others of the Laity.

V Pether any in your Parith, or elsewhere niere about the same, to your knowledge, or as you have heard, hath affirmed, that the King hath not the same Authority in all causes Ecclesiasticall, which the Kings and Christian Emperors had in the Primitive Church? or

that have impeached or gain faid his Royall Supremacy?

Parish that deplace the Christian Religion, and namely as it is established by publike autholity, and professed within the Church of England. And whether hath any person as you have heard, affirmed that the Church of England is not a true Catholike and Apostolike Church, and both not teach and maintaine the Catholike Kaith, and doctrine of the Apostles?

Thether any have said or affirmed, that any thing in the boke of Common prayer, or in the boke of Articles set sorth by the Convocation Anno Domini 1562. Dr any of the rites and ceremonies of the Church of England, in or by the same appointed are corrept, wicked, Antichristian, supersitious, valuablus, or repugnant to the Scriptures e or that any of the said Articles may not with a good conscience be subscribed but to, or any of the said ceremonies may not with a good conscience be ap-

proned, bled, or lubleribed buto?

Mhether have any affirmed, preached, or taught, that the forme of making and confecrating Bishops, Priess, and Deacons, or anything therein conteined, is repugnant, or not agreable to the word of God: Or that the Bishops, Priess, and Deacons so made, are not to be accompted for Bishops, Priess, or Deacons, or ought to be ordained in any other forme? Or that the government of the Church by Archbishops, Bishops, or others that beare any Office therein, is Antichristian, or not agreable to the word of God?

houses on Sundaies, or other Polydayes, or bled his or their manuell Crast, Trade, or Pickery, or any bodily labour, or kept their Shops open byon the said dayes, or any of them, especially in the time of Divine

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Service, 02 fuffered his 02 their fernants to fell any wares 02 biduals in

that time, or to offend in any of the premises ?

of London his last Alistation) have or doe prophane the Lord Bishop of London his last Alistation) have or doe prophane the Lords day, called Sunday, or other Holy day, contrary to the orders of the Church of England, in that behalfe prescribed, which hath not heretofore bene openly punished for the same, and what be their names?

7 Whether hath any person in their parish brawled, quarrelled or Aricoken, or bled any violence unto, or with your Pinister, or any other person in the Church or Church yard, or bled himselfe disorderly in the Church by filthy and prophane talks, or any other rude and immodest

bebautour ?

8 Whether is that due reverence and humble submission bled within your Church of Chappel in the time of divine Service, as by the 18. Constitution is prescribed. And whether each one in the Church of Chappell doe apply and order himselfethere in the time of divine Service, as is enjoyned: and whether all men doe sit, and continue there becoured with their bats off, all the time of divine Service and Prayers?

o Whether the Churchwardens and Sidemen doe cuery Sunday and Poly-day diligently fearch who absenteth himselfe of her selfs from Church, and whether doe they suffer any to abide in the Church-posch of Courch-pard in the time of Common prayer of Sermon? And you hall

present such as have been or thall be found to be absent.

(for money, reward, fauour, or affection,) forborne to present any that were or bie negligent in comming to Church, or whom they have found as tole persons abroad, either in the Church-yard or streets, in the time of Common prayer or Sermons, on the Sabbath day or holy-dayes, or any that did not receive the Communion yearly at the feast of Caster, or within some convenient time after?

nion, with the aduice of the Pinister, a sufficient quantitie of fine white bread, and of god and wholesome wine for the number of the Communicants that that stall receive, and that to be brought in a cleane and sweet stand

bing pot of pewter, og other pure mettall?

12. Whether have any in your parish been Godfathers or Godmothers to their owne children? Dr whether your Minister, or any Godfathers or Godmothers have bled, or doe ble any other forme, answer or spech in Baptisme, then is in the Boke of Common prayer appointed? Dr doe give the children baptised any name absurd, or inconvenient for so holy an action:

Action : De whether any which have not communicated, be armitted to be Godfathers of Godmothers, contrary to the Law ?

children baptized, or themselves to receive the Communion at the hands of your Pinister, because he his no Pracher? you shall present their names.

14 Mhether doe all Fothers, Pothers, Pasters and Pitrelles, cause their Children, Sernants, and Apprentises to come to the Cate-chilme byon the Sundairs and Polydaies, before Quenting prayer, to heare, and to be instructed and taught therein? And those that doe not their duties herein you shall present their names.

fuffered, fince the last Tintation of the Lord Bishop of London, any places, featts, banquets, Church-ales, drinkings, Husters and shewing of Armes, or any other prophane viages to bee kept in your Church,

Chappell, oz Churchepard?

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16 How many Inhabitants within your Parith, Pen 02 Women about the age of firteene years, doerefule to frequent divine Service, established by publique authority of this Realme, or to receive the holy Communion, or are negligent therein? or comming to Church, toe depart before the end of divine Service or Germon, what be their names, and of what degrée, state, or trade of life are they? you are to present them all of each lost.

17 Whether doe any of the inhabitants within pour faioparich entertaine within their house any soiourners, lodgers, or any common relocaters and greats, who refuse to frequent divine Service, or receive the boly Communion, as aforesaid? What be their names, and of what quas

lity or condition are thep?

our, not without publique offence, or dee bouldly buse themselves in sebucing, or withdrawing others, either abroad or in their owne families, by instructing their Chiloren in Popish Keligion, or by resusing to entertains any, especially in place of greatest service or trust but such as concurre with them in opinion of Religion, and what be their names that so doe?

19 How long the said Popish Recusants have obstinately abstained either from divine Service, or from the Communion, as is aspelaid, whether of any long time, or onely since his Patellies Reigne, and how long?

20 Whether there be any popily Reculants married: the child of any Reculant

Reculant chairmed, or any Beculant baried within your Wariff, by any other then the Dinifter of the Darth, where, when, and by inhom, and what certificate von have received thereof? or whether the chilo of any Recufant remaine bubaptized, aboue one month, oz be not baptized in the Warish Church?

21 Dou Chall present hose the children of such as resuse to come to Church are brought by, bnder what Scholemafter or Autor, where, and in what Schole oz place, what those childrens names are, how long their parents have beene married? by whom, when, and in tubat place, and by what authority were they married, and what certificate you have recei-

ned of their mariage?

2 2 Withat persons afozefaid within pour Warith, either for the offence aforefaid, or for any other contumacy or crime, doe remaine ercommunis cated? what be their names? and for what cause? and how long have they so food ercommunicated? And whether any doe familiarly ble the company of fach as doe obstinately stand ercommunicate, knowing the

fame? and what be their names?

23 Wilhether bath your Minister, Churchwardens and Paris Clark 02 Clarkes, taken care that all ercommunicated perfons be buly publiched in the Church, as the law requires ? Ind likewife had care that no ercommunicated persons be admitted to the Communion, not suffered to be present at binine Service and publique Prayers in your Church? von hall truly prefent every one that hath neglected this buty, or beene flacke therein.

24 Wilhether the Churchwardens at the end of their yeare, give by in witing a tult accompt before the Dinister and Daristioners, of their receipts and disbursements, and deliver the residue by Will indented to the nert Churchwartens? And whether at any time heretofoze the Churchwardens, 02 the Dinifters, 02 the Warithioners, 02 any of them to pour knowledge, oz as pou haue heard, haue withheld, oz betained in their custody, or have fold, wasted, spent, or otherwise altenated any Lead, Bels, 02 Bellimettall, 02 other of the Church gods 02 focke of money? and let them (pecific their names, and the value and quantity of fuch things as were fo fold, made away, or detained, and how long fince?

25 Wahether boe all persons about the age of firtene yeares blually resort to heare divine Service byon Sundayes and Holy dayes approned? and whether hath each one of your Parishioners (being aboue the age of 16. yeares, as afozefaid) received the holy Communion thrice this latt yeare, chiefly once at Caffer in pour Parify Church kneling ? If no,

then you hall present their names, which have not so bone.

of honest conversation, and sufficient so reading and we ting? and where ther he be paid his wages without fraud, according to the most ancient custome of pour Parish? If not, then by whom is he so defrauded and depnied? and whether he be chosen by the Parson of Alicar, of by whom? And whether he dath presumed to take byon him the crecution of the said place of Clerkeship before he hath taken the oath of supremacy before the Lord Bishop of London of his Chancellor, and had his approbation from the said Lord Bishop of his Chancellor?

bibited degrées fozbidden by law, & expressed in a certaine table published be authorite in Anno 1563. Afrea, then you shall present their names? And whether have you the said Table publikely set by in your Courch

and faffned to fome convenient place?

28 Whether doth any heretofole dinoiced, or married and not dinoiced, hape company at bed and board as man and wife with any other man or woman, then with the person that he or the was married buto? and what be their names? If the parties, now so studing together, say that they be married? when and where were they married, and how long have they so continued together?

29 Takether have you in your Parish to your knowledge of by common same and report, any which have committed adultery, somication, of incest, of any bawdes, harborers, of receivers of such persons, of behavenely suspected thereof, which bave not beene publikely punished to

your knowledge? If yea, then fpecific the names of them all.

30 Whether have you any in your Parith which are by common fame and report, or behement inspition, reputed and taken to bee common drunkards, blasphemers of Gods holy name, common and bluails wearers, filthy speakers, raylers, sowers of discord among their neighbours, or speakers against Pinisters Pariages, Ulurers, contrary to the Statute made in the 37, yeare of King Henry the 8.02 Symoniacall persons? you hall not faile to present their names.

man with child, that was not befoze a houtholder in your Parith ? If vea, whether you know that the was married, and to whom, where and

when? and f, ecifie her name alfo, and from whence the came.

man gotten with child out of wedlocke, and lukered them agains to depart without penance first insticted byon them by their Dedinary? You shall tenely present as well the party harbouring as harboured, and all that

that belped to convey them or her away? And who is suspected to have committed adultery or fornication with her?

finne of fornication, adultery, or incest, bawdy, or kieping of a bawdy house, or behemently suspected of these or any other Occlesiastical offences, have for them, or any one of them being presented since the Lord Bishop of London, his last distration to any Commissary, Archdeacon, or his Afficiall, their Surrogates or Deputies? and whether for such their offences they have done publike penance before the congregation in their owne Parish Church in time of divine Service? And if any so presented have not done such penance, what he their names? what the offence was? and of what Parish they then were of, and where they, or any one of them doe now remaine and dwell?

34 Alhether any person or persons suspected or detected heretofore of incontinency, and therefore departing out of your parish, is now returned agains? or in what place else is he so the now abiding, as you know, or have heard? And whether he or the hath done any penance, and what penance, or else escaped without penance? and by what and subole

meanes? Dou hall prefent the whole truth in that behalfe.

all, within your Partih, so else-where within this Dioces, that have retayned and kept in their custody, or that read, sell, bitter, disperse, carry, or beliner to others, any English or Latine Bokes, or Libels, set forth or printed, eyther on this side or beyond the seas, by Papists or Sectaries, against the Kings Supremacy in causes Ecclesiasticall, or tending to popery, puritanisme, or any other sect, error or beresie, against true religion and catholike doctrine, now publikely professed in this Church, or the government or discipline of the Thurch of England, now within this Kealme received, and established by common authority, that you know or have beard of, what their names and surnames are?

36 Whether there be any in your Parish who are knowne or suspected to conceale or kkepe hid in their houses, any Passe-bokes, Portestes, Wies, viaries, or other Bokes of Popery or superstition: or any Chalices, Copes, Elestments, Albes, or other ornaments of superstition, bucancelled or budefaced, which is to be confectured they kkepe for a day as they

call it ?

you have heard, which heretofoze being popill Reculants and Sectaries, have finde conformed themselves, and come to Church to heare Divine Service, and receive the Sacrament: If yea, then who they are: and how

how long fithence have they so conformed themselnes . And whether one they still abide in that conformity?

38 Whether are there in your Parish any Wils not yet proned, or gods of the dead dying intestate, lest bnadministred by the authority of the Drdinary in that behalfe? And whether any possesse the gods of any person deseased, without authority from the Drdinary? You shall not fayle to present the Executors, and all others faulty and culpable therein.

rish knee the Lord Bilhops last Aiktation, that have dyed in your parish knee the Lord Bilhops last Aiktation, that had gods or debts in or ther parts of the Dioces of London out of the inridiction in which the party dyed: or that dyed in any other Archdeaconry or kurisdiction of this Dioces, and had gods in your Parish: and whether the Crecutor to such person, or any other, medied with such deceaseds gods by authority of the Commissary or Archdeacons Officiall, and not by the authoritie of the Lord Bishop of London or his Chancellor:

40 Is there any Legacy given to the Thurch, 03 to other god e godly bles, as reliefe of the Poze, Daphans, poze Behollers, poze Waydens mariages, Scholes, Pigh-wayes, and such like, which is not yet performed: If there be any such, you thall present what you know 03 can learne

thereof, and by whole default the fame is not performed ?

Parlon, Aicar, or Curate, doe ablent themselves from his Sermons, and resort to any other place to heare other Preachers, or result to any other place to heare other Preachers, or result to resteine the holy Communion at his hands for the same respect. And whether any other Minister hath received to the Communion any of your Parish; and specific the names both of the Minister and Parishioner.

42 Whether there be any Innesképers, Aleswines, Aiduallers, 03 Tiplers, that luffer 03 doe admit any person 03 persons into their houses to eate, dzinke, 03 play at Dice, Cards, Aables, Bowles, 03 such like games, in the time of Common Payer 03 Sermons on Sundayes 03

Hely dayes:

43 Whether have you any Butchers or others, that commonly be to fell meat or other things in the time of Common prayer, Preaching, or reading of Pomilies?

44 Whether any Parkets of felling of wares be bled of luffered in any Thurch yards on the Sabbath day by common Pack men and Pede

lers going about, or any Butchers, or others ?

45 Whether there be any in your Parith, who will come to heare the Sermon, but will not come to the publike prayer, appointed by the Boke of Common prayer, making a schisme or division (as it were) between

betweene the ble of publike Papaper and Papeaching?

denoutly and humbly kniele bean who being present at publike prayer, do not denoutly and humbly kniele bean their knies, at such times as by the Foke of Common prayer they are appointed: to wit, when they make a general Confession of their sinnes, when all Prayers and Collects are read, in the time of the Letany, when the tenne Commandements are read, and at the receiving of the holy Communion, sc. And what be their names?

47 Whether there be any marryed women or others within your partitly, which after childer birth, refuse, contemns, or neglect to come to the Church to give God thankes for their safe delinery, and to have the prayers publikely appointed on that behalfe by the Boke of Common prayer to be blod:

48 Whether any doe kape their Children bubaptised longer then is convenient, buleste that it be for the sicknesse of the Child, or other brigent occasion?

49 Whether any doe carry their Thilde of Thilde of Thilde of their of they are borne in to other parithes to be baptifed, and so refuse their of was parithe And to what other parith: and who baptifed any childe of children

fo carryed from your parish: and whose childe was it?

50 Whether any doe bring Arange Pinisters into their owne houses to baptise their children prinately according to their owne fantastes, or receive any children borne elsewhere, to be baptised in your parished you know any such, then who received any such, and whose childe or children were so baptised: and what was the name of the childe, and who baptised it? And whether you know of your owne knowledge that the parents were married together, and where, when, and by whom?

foner in your parish, that have made a gaine by any colour, deceipt, or sy monaicall part, in bestowing his Wenefice for gaine: for, or receiving money or promise of the Lease of the whole or part, or by reserving his

owne tithes, or any pention to himfelfe or any other?

gou in your Parith, that are not of the foundation or patronage of the king: and who was the founder or patron thereof: And whether the said Almes houses, Pospitals, or Spittles in your Parith, being buter our rule and gouernance, be well and godly bled, according to the foundations and ancient ordinances of the same, and whether there be any other placed in them then pare, impotent, and needy persons, that have not where with or whereby to line?

C'3

53 How many Dio wines have you the your Paring which doe erer cife that office, how long they have so done, and by what authority and what be their names ? Df what sail are they account to be of in their office and vocation?

54 How many have you in your Parish that die vicatise as Physitians of Chyrurgions, and are so reputed? How long they have so done, by what authority, of what skill are trey accounted to be of in their

profession ?

ognisance worthie the presentment in gour indgement, hæretosore in these Articles not expressed, and which is fit to be resormed in Ecclesis assicult censure? If you doe, you hall likewise present the same by but the of your oaths?

### Admonition.

Fifth, for that in great Parishes, where divers doe come in great multitudes to receive the Communion, whereof some doe stand Ecommunicate: Do avoid this inconvenience in every Parish, the Pinister and Church wardens shall kape a Boke of all Ecommunications brought but o them, and from what Court, and of the day, moneth, and yeare it was received; and of the parties names so Ecommunicated, and so, what cause, and of the day, moneth, and yeare of the Denunciation, and likewise of the Absolution, to the end that all persons may be drawne to conformitie, and none admitted to be partakers of Common prayer and the Sacraments who doe stand Ecommunicate, when they offer themselves ready to receive the same.

That in the time of Divine Service and Sermons, all persons behave themselves reverently and attentively, and that all men doe sit and continue becovered, with their Dats off, the whole time of Divine Service

and Dapers.

That from time to time diligent inquirie be made what Children are borne in every Parith, and where, when, and by whom every Childe is Baptized. And if in case of necessitie any Childe or Children be found to be Baptized privatly in any house, that woon due Certificate thereof, the same Hall be published in their owne Parith Church where the Childe or Children were borne, the next Sunday after notice thereof so taken, that byon such necessitie the said Childe or Children were so Baptized, and that rightly, that the Parith may take notice thereof.

And

And concerning your Transcript of the names of all persons Bap' tized, Parried, or Buried, you shall observe the some prescribed in the Boke of Articles winistred in the last triennial Aistation of the Lord Bishop of London, viz. Anno 1618.

A T the delivery of your Will of Diclontment, at the time and place about let volume, you are the wife in the said Will, to set downe the names of all such as bout van Barico at any time since the 20. of July 1621, being Den, Paides, or Aliddowes: and likewise the Pinister, Church wardens, and Susamen of every Parish, must in the end of the said Will of Presentment, set downe beside their presenting, which they make of all Recusants and non-Communicants, this Note following.

Reculants women.

Non-Communicants of both fexe.

Communicants of both fexe in the whole Parish.

So fetting downe the number of every one, the Minister, Church-wardens, and Side men, must put their hands to this Note.

Gu ... . le estima -1 61 

